

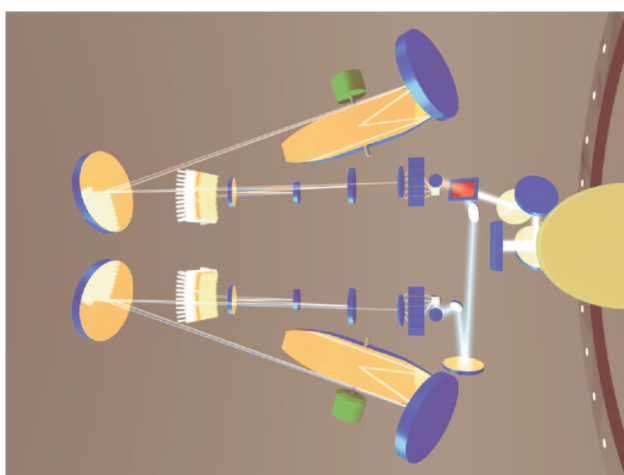
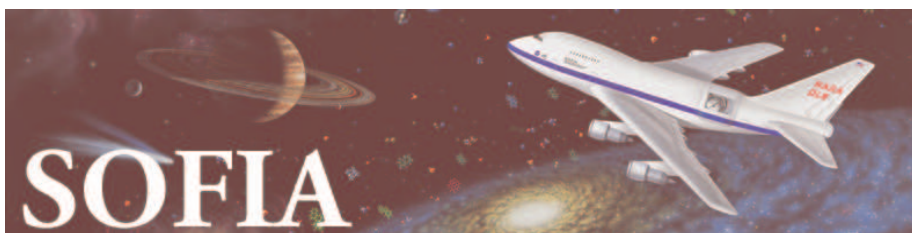


# Far-Infrared Field-Imaging Line Spectrometer (FIFI LS) for SOFIA

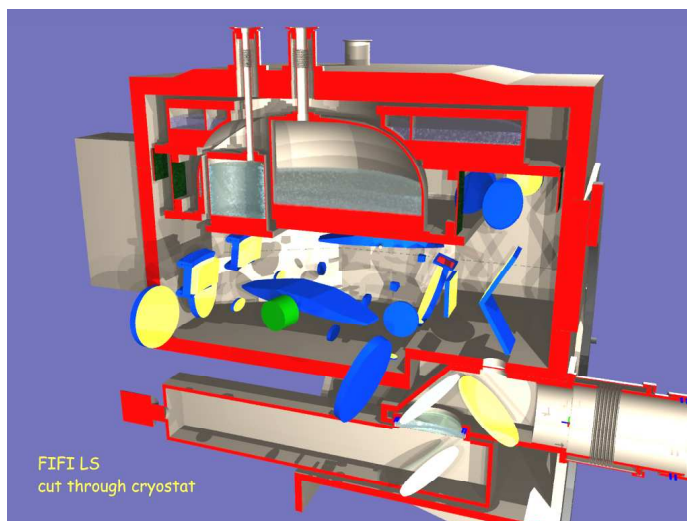


FIFI LS (the Field-Imaging Far-Infrared Line Spectrometer) will utilize the unprecedented high angular resolution and sensitivity of the joint DLR/NASA airborne observatory SOFIA (the Stratospheric Observatory for Infrared Astronomy) to address many key questions in modern astronomy. As a state-of-the-art astronomical instrument, FIFI LS will enable simultaneous observations in two separate bands **Blue (42-110  $\mu\text{m}$ )** and **Red (110-210  $\mu\text{m}$ )** and instantaneous 3D imaging--- 2D spatially and 1D spectrally. With first

flights scheduled for 2004, FIFI LS will also allow for pre-observations of some of the targets for our similar instrument for Herschel – PACS, which is scheduled for launch in 2007 (see PACS abstract).



FIFI LS employs a novel, reflective image slicer optical design that optically rearranges the  $5 \times 5$  pixel field of view into a pseudo-slit of  $25 \times 1$  pixels which is then dispersed via a Littrow mounted spectrometer. As shown on left, the two spectrometer channels (red on top, blue on bottom) are virtually autonomous, allowing contemporaneous observing in the two wavelength channels.



As shown on right, the vacuum vessel of FIFI LS uses three cryogen vessels for cooling of the optics and detectors (see the Ge:Ga abstract). As can be seen in both Figures, FIFI LS utilizes two reflective gratings in the spectrometers that will provide moderate resolution ( $R \sim 2000$ ) integral field imaging of the scientific targets.

	Blue	Red
Wavelength	42-110 $\mu\text{m}$	110-210 $\mu\text{m}$
Detector Type (photoconductor)	Ge:Ga	Stressed Ge:Ga
Spatial Pixels	$5 \times 5$	$5 \times 5$
Spectral Pixels	16	16
Pixel Size	6"	12"
Field of View	30" $\times$ 30"	60" $\times$ 60"
Velocity Resolution	150-300 km/s	150-300 km/s
Line Sensitivity	$5.5 \times 10^{-17}$ W/m <sup>2</sup>	----
(5s in 1hr)	$3.5 \times 10^{-17}$ W/m <sup>2</sup>	----
	----	$2.2 \times 10^{-17}$ W/m <sup>2</sup>
	----	$1.4 \times 10^{-17}$ W/m <sup>2</sup>