



# The Half-Life of $^{60}\text{Fe}$ : Status

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# TOI: $T_{1/2}({}^{60}\text{Fe}): (1.49 \pm 0.27) \text{ Mys}$

<b>Zn57</b> 40 ms (7/2-) ECp	<b>Zn58</b> 65 ms 0+ EC	<b>Zn59</b> 182.0 ms 3/2- ECp	<b>Zn60</b> 2.38 m 0+ EC	<b>Zn61</b> 89.1 s 3/2- EC	<b>Zn62</b> 9.186 h 0+ EC	<b>Zn63</b> 38.47 m 3/2- EC	<b>Zn64</b> 0+ 48.6 EC	<b>Zn65</b> 244.26 d 5/2- EC	<b>Zn66</b> 0+ 27.9 EC
<b>Cu56</b> EC	<b>Cu57</b> 199.4 ms 3/2- EC	<b>Cu58</b> 3.204 s 1+ EC	<b>Cu59</b> 81.5 s 3/2- EC	<b>Cu60</b> 23.7 m 2+ EC	<b>Cu61</b> 3.333 h 3/2- EC	<b>Cu62</b> 9.74 m 1+ EC	<b>Cu63</b> 69.17 EC	<b>Cu64</b> 12.700 h 1+ EC,β	<b>Cu65</b> 30.83 EC
<b>Ni55</b> 212.1 ms 7/2- EC	<b>Ni56</b> 6.077 d 0+ EC	<b>Ni57</b> 35.60 h 3/2- EC	<b>Ni58</b> 0+ 68.077 EC	<b>Ni59</b> 7.6E+4 y 3/2- EC	<b>Ni60</b> 0+ 26.223 EC	<b>Ni61</b> 3/2- 1.140 EC	<b>Ni62</b> 0+ 3.634 EC	<b>Ni63</b> 100.1 y 1/2- β	<b>Ni64</b> 0+ 0.926 EC
<b>Co54</b> 193.23 ms 0+ EC	<b>Co55</b> 17.53 h 7/2- EC	<b>Co56</b> 77.27 d 4+ EC	<b>Co57</b> 271.79 d 7/2- EC	<b>Co58</b> 70.82 d 2+ EC	<b>Co59</b> 7/2- 100 EC	<b>Co60</b> 5.2714 y 5+ β	<b>Co61</b> 1.650 h 7/2- β	<b>Co62</b> 1.50 m 2+ β	<b>Co63</b> 27.4 s (7/2)- β
<b>Fe53</b> 8.51 m 7/2- EC	<b>Fe54</b> 0+ 3/2- 5.8 EC	<b>Fe55</b> 2.73 y 3/2- EC	<b>Fe56</b> 0+ 91.72 EC	<b>Fe57</b> 1/2- 2.2 EC	<b>Fe58</b> 0+ 0.28 EC	<b>Fe59</b> 44.503 d 3/2- β	<b>Fe60</b> 1.5E+6 y 0+ β	<b>Fe61</b> 5.98 m 3/2-,5/2- β	<b>Fe62</b> 68 s 0+ β
<b>Mn52</b> 5.591 d 6+ EC	<b>Mn53</b> 3.74E+6 y 7/2- EC	<b>Mn54</b> 312.3 d 3+ EC,β	<b>Mn55</b> 5/2- 100 β	<b>Mn56</b> 2.5785 h 3+ β	<b>Mn57</b> 85.4 s 5/2- β	<b>Mn58</b> 3.0 s 0+ β	<b>Mn59</b> 4.6 s 3/2-,5/2- β	<b>Mn60</b> 51 s 0+ β	<b>Mn61</b> 0.71 s (5/2)- β
<b>Cr51</b> 27.702 d 7/2- EC	<b>Cr52</b> 0+ 83.789 EC	<b>Cr53</b> 3/2- 9.501 EC	<b>Cr54</b> 0+ 2.365 EC	<b>Cr55</b> 3.497 m 3/2- β	<b>Cr56</b> 5.94 m 0+ β	<b>Cr57</b> 21.1 s 3/2-,5/2-,7/2- β	<b>Cr58</b> 7.0 s 0+ β	<b>Cr59</b> 0.74 s β	<b>Cr60</b> 0.57 s 0+ β

Only one measurement  
(specific activity and  
absolute AMS measurement)

*Kutschera et al., NIM B5(1984)439*

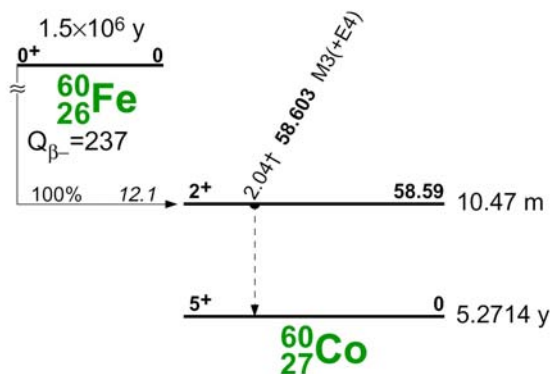
Previous  
measurement:

*Roy and Kohman  
(1957 bzw. 1968)*

$3 \times 10^5 \text{ a } (\pm 300\%)$

Theory:

2nd forbidden decay, low end point  
-> broad range for  $T_{1/2}$



# *Kutschera et al., 1984*

$^{60}\text{Fe}$ : spallation of  $\text{Cu}$  with 191 MeV  $p \Rightarrow \approx 10^{15}$  at

after 1 year: extraction of iron with a (remote) multi-stage anion exchange separation; adding 1.4 mg of iron  $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3 \downarrow$ ; weighing for determination of stable iron.

dilution of the sample material: 90% of 2 ml solution  $\hookrightarrow$  100 ml; deviation colorimetric vs. gravimetric 30%  
monitor:  $^{59}\text{Fe}$  ( $\gamma$  activity,  $T_{1/2}=44.5$  d)

$\gamma$ -ray activity of the daughter  $^{60}\text{Co}$ :

first attempt -  $^{60}\text{Co}$  from direct production

$\hookrightarrow$  chemical separation of Co

$\hookrightarrow$  measurement of the grow-in of the  $^{60}\text{Co}$  activity using a Ge(Li) low-level counting facility

$\Rightarrow$  Fit of grow-in (only 1332 keV line used for analysis)

Determination of  $^{60}\text{Fe}/\text{Fe}$  with AMS:

$^{60}\text{Fe}/\text{Fe}$ :  $(9.54 \pm 1.40) \cdot 10^{-8}$  (absolute measurement)

$N_{60\text{Fe}} = (3.99 \pm 0.71) \cdot 10^{14}$  atoms

Result:  $T_{1/2} = 1.49 \pm 0.29 \cdot 10^6$  yrs

$\Rightarrow$  A New Attempt!



# How to measure a long half-life?

$$\Delta A = A_1 - A_2 = A_1 \cdot (1 - e^{-\ln(2) \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{T_{1/2}}}) \approx 0$$

$$\Delta N = N_1 - N_2 = N_1 \cdot (1 - e^{-\ln(2) \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{T_{1/2}}}) \approx 0$$

$$-\frac{dN}{dt} = N(t) \cdot e^{-\lambda t}$$

if  $\Delta t \ll T_{1/2}$

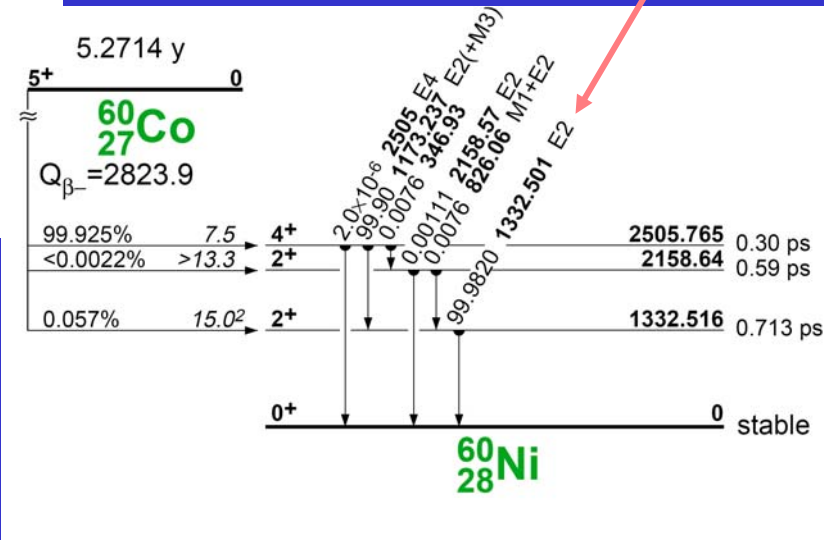
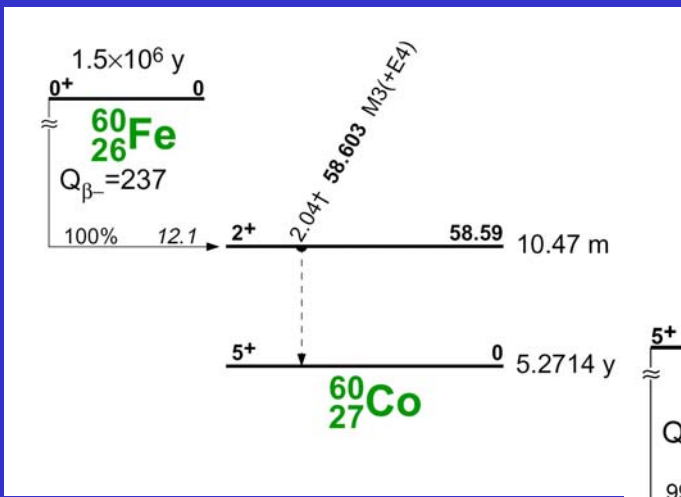
$$A \approx \lambda \cdot N = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot N$$

More realistic:

$$A \approx \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

# Build-up of the $^{60}\text{Co}$ activity

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$



$$A_{60Co} = N_{60Fe} \lambda_{60Fe} \cdot (1 - e^{-\lambda_{60Co} \cdot t})$$

$$\approx N_{60Fe} \cdot \lambda_{60Fe} \cdot \lambda_{60Co} \cdot t$$

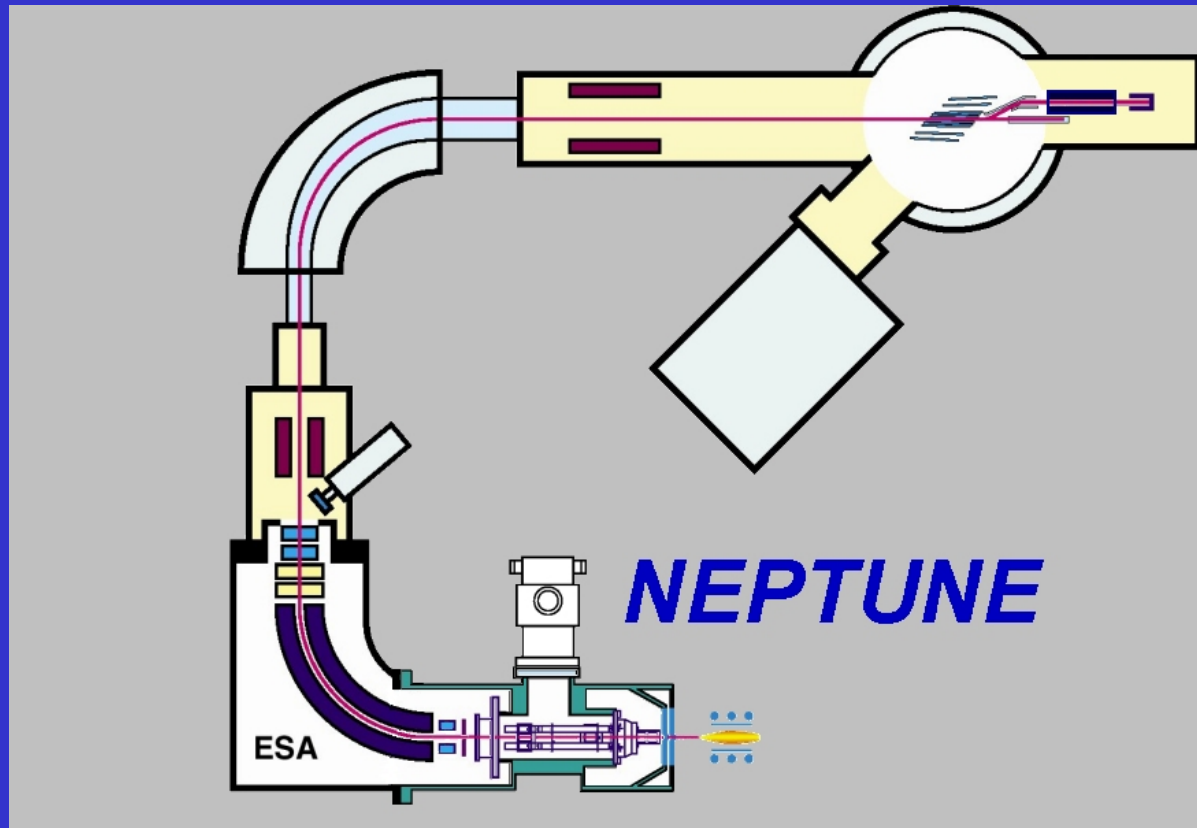
$$\approx N_{60Fe} \cdot \lambda_{60Fe}$$

for  $t \ll T_{1/2, 60Co}$

for  $t \gg T_{1/2, 60Co}$

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

# Multicollector inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (MC-ICP-MS)





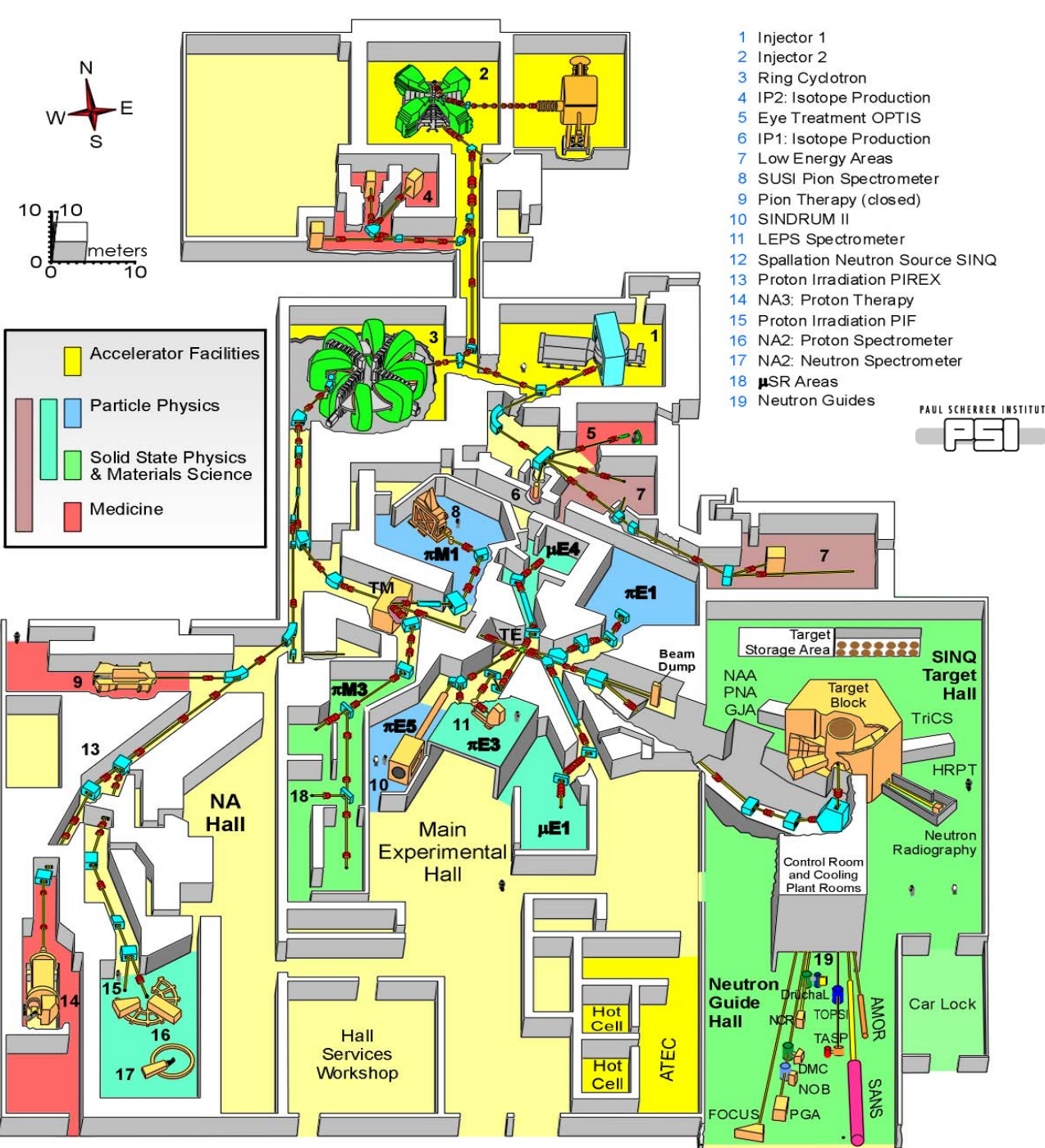
We need  $^{60}\text{Fe}$  nuclei!

$^{60}\text{Fe}$ :

Produced under stellar conditions !

Only ejected by SN !

But where to get it on earth ?



BMA-Target, Beam dump and shielding (Pion therapy station, 590 MeV protons)

Material:  
Copper

Irradiated from 1980 to 1.09.1992

# Copper beam dump (BMA1) from PSI (~ 10 kg)

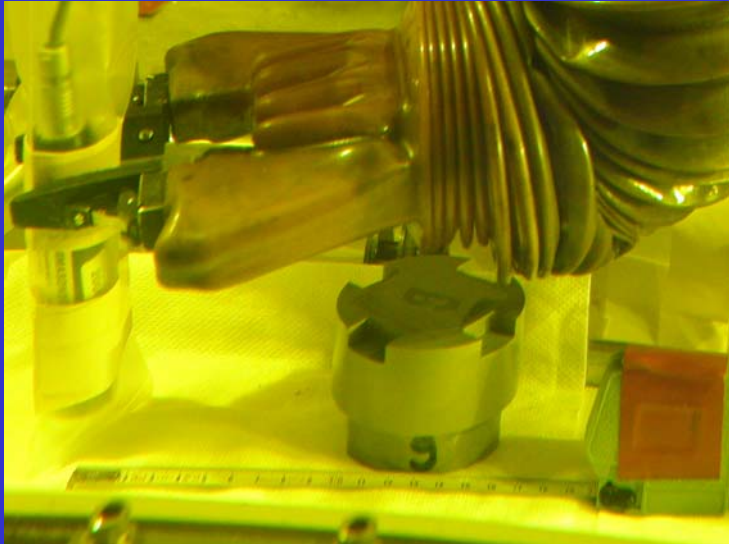
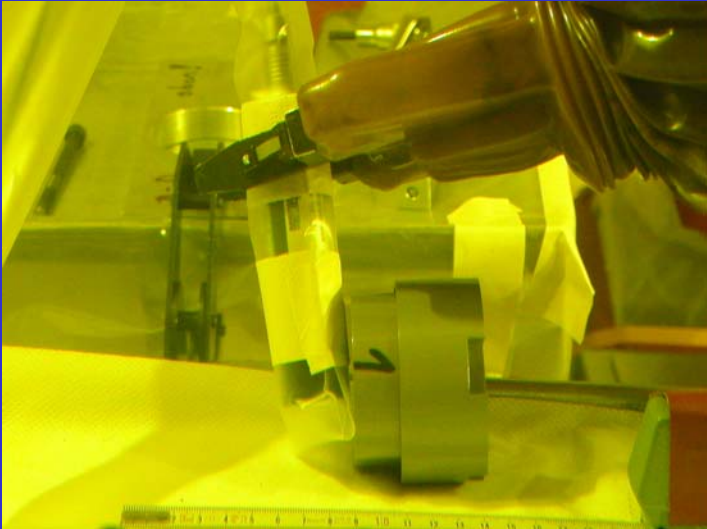
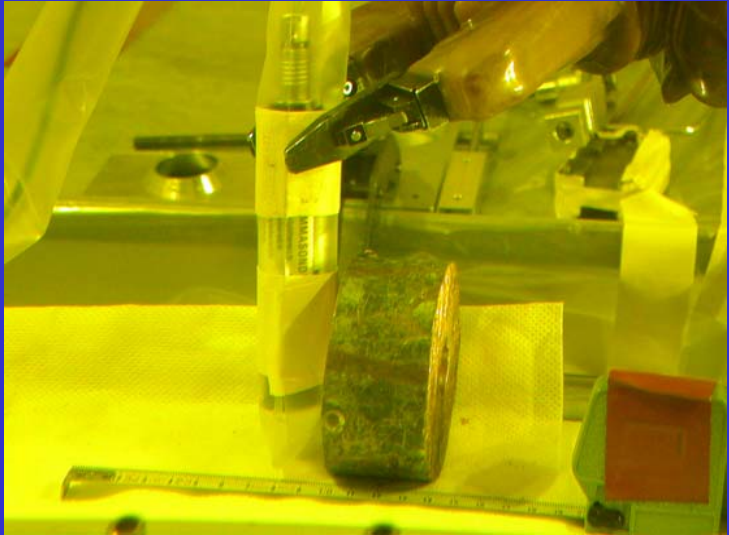
590 MeV p, 160 mAh ( $3.6 \times 10^{21}$  protons)

<b>Zn60</b> 2.38 m 0+	<b>Zn61</b> 89.1 s 3/2-	<b>Zn62</b> 9.186 h 0+	<b>Zn63</b> 38.47 m 3/2-	<b>Zn64</b> 0+	<b>Zn65</b> 244.26 d 5/2-	<b>Zn66</b> 0+	<b>Zn67</b> 5/2-	<b>Zn68</b> 0+
EC	EC	EC	EC	48.6	EC	27.9	4.1	18.8
<b>Cu59</b> 81.5 s 3/2-	<b>Cu60</b> 23.7 m 2+	<b>Cu61</b> 3.333 h 3/2-	<b>Cu62</b> 9.74 m 1+	<b>Cu63</b> 3/2-	<b>Cu64</b> 12.700 h 1+	<b>Cu65</b> 3/2-	<b>Cu66</b> 5.088 m 1+	<b>Cu67</b> 61.83 h 3/2-
EC	EC	EC	EC	69.17	EC,β-	30.83	β-	β-

<b>Ni56</b> 6.077 d 0+	<b>Ni57</b> 35.60 h 3/2-	<b>Ni58</b> 0+	<b>Ni59</b> 7.6E+4 y 3/2-	<b>Ni60</b> 0+	<b>Ni61</b> 3/2-	<b>Ni62</b> 0+	<b>Ni63</b> 100.1 y 1/2-	<b>Ni64</b> 0+	<b>Ni65</b> 2.5172 h 5/2-	<b>Ni66</b> 54.6 h 0+
EC	EC	68.077	EC	26.223	1.140	3.634	β-	0.926	β-	β-
<b>Co55</b> 17.53 h 7/2-	<b>Co56</b> 77.27 d 4+	<b>Co57</b> 271.79 d 7/2-	<b>Co58</b> 70.82 d 2+ *	<b>Co59</b> 7/2-	<b>Co60</b> 5.2714 y 5+ *	<b>Co61</b> 1.650 h 7/2-	<b>Co62</b> 1.50 m 2+ *			
EC	EC	EC	EC	100	β-	β-	β-			
<b>Fe54</b> 0+	<b>Fe55</b> 2.73 y 3/2-	<b>Fe56</b> 0+	<b>Fe57</b> 1/2-	<b>Fe58</b> 0+	<b>Fe59</b> 44.503 d 3/2-	<b>Fe60</b> 1.5E+6 y 0+	<b>Fe61</b> 5.98 m 3/2-,5/2-			
5.8	EC	91.72	2.2	0.28	β-	β-	β-			
<b>Mn53</b> 3.74E+6 y 7/2-	<b>Mn54</b> 312.3 d 3+	<b>Mn55</b> 5/2-	<b>Mn56</b> 2.5785 h 3+	<b>Mn57</b> 85.4 s 5/2-	<b>Mn58</b> 3.0 s 0+ *	<b>Mn59</b> 4.6 s 3/2-,5/2-	<b>Mn60</b> 51 s 0+ *			
EC	EC,β-	100	β-	β-	β-	β-	β-			

Hot material: e.g.  $^{60}\text{Co} \sim 7 \times 10^9 \text{ Bq}$

# Handling of the Copper Beamdump at the hot chemistry (PSI)



# Chemical separation of $^{60}\text{Fe}$

Measurement of the grow-in of  $^{60}\text{Co}$

→ very good chemical separation from Co necessary

- Dissolution of 3.86 g Cu (beam dump) in 7 M  $\text{HNO}_3$
- Evaporation to dryness
- Dissolution in 7 M HCl
- + 5 mg  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$  and 5 mg  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  as carrier
- Extraction with diisopropylether
- Aqueous phase: Ni, Co, Cu, organic phase: Fe
- Back extraction with 0.1 M HCl, repetition of procedure
- Additional purification by precipitation of  $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$
- Result (by July 2005):  $\sim 10^{15}$   $^{60}\text{Fe}$  atoms,  $^{60}\text{Co}$  reduced by more than  $10^7$
- But still:  $^{55}\text{Fe}$  ( $\sim 36$  MBq !);  $T_{1/2} = 2.73$  yr



$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

# Calibration of the detector: Avoiding geometrical corrections etc.

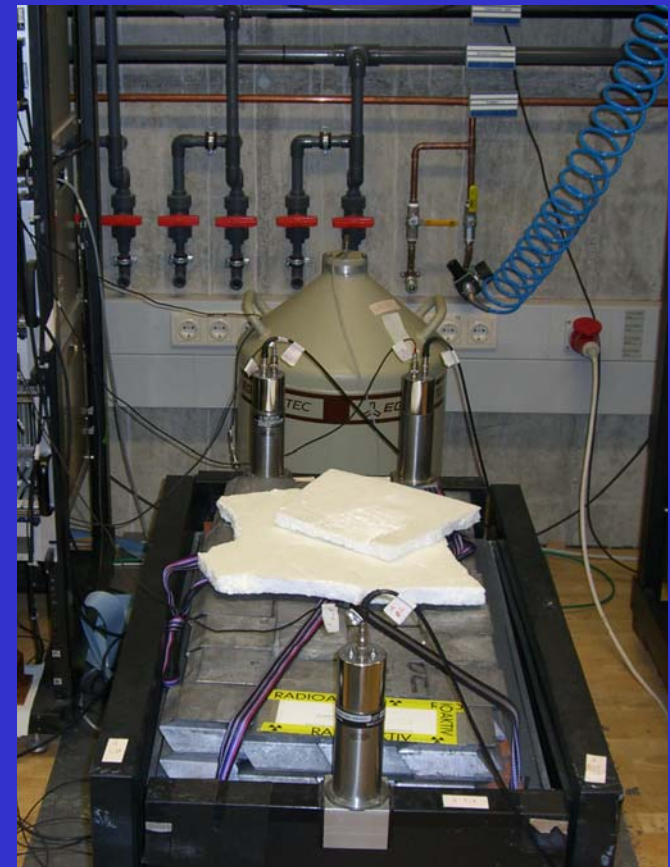
Calibration source ( $^{60}\text{Co}$ ) with  
the same geometry:

5ml 0.1 nHCl

101.99 ( $\pm 1.5\%$ ) Bq  $^{60}\text{Co}$

(all uncertainties 1 sigma)

→ Germanium detector





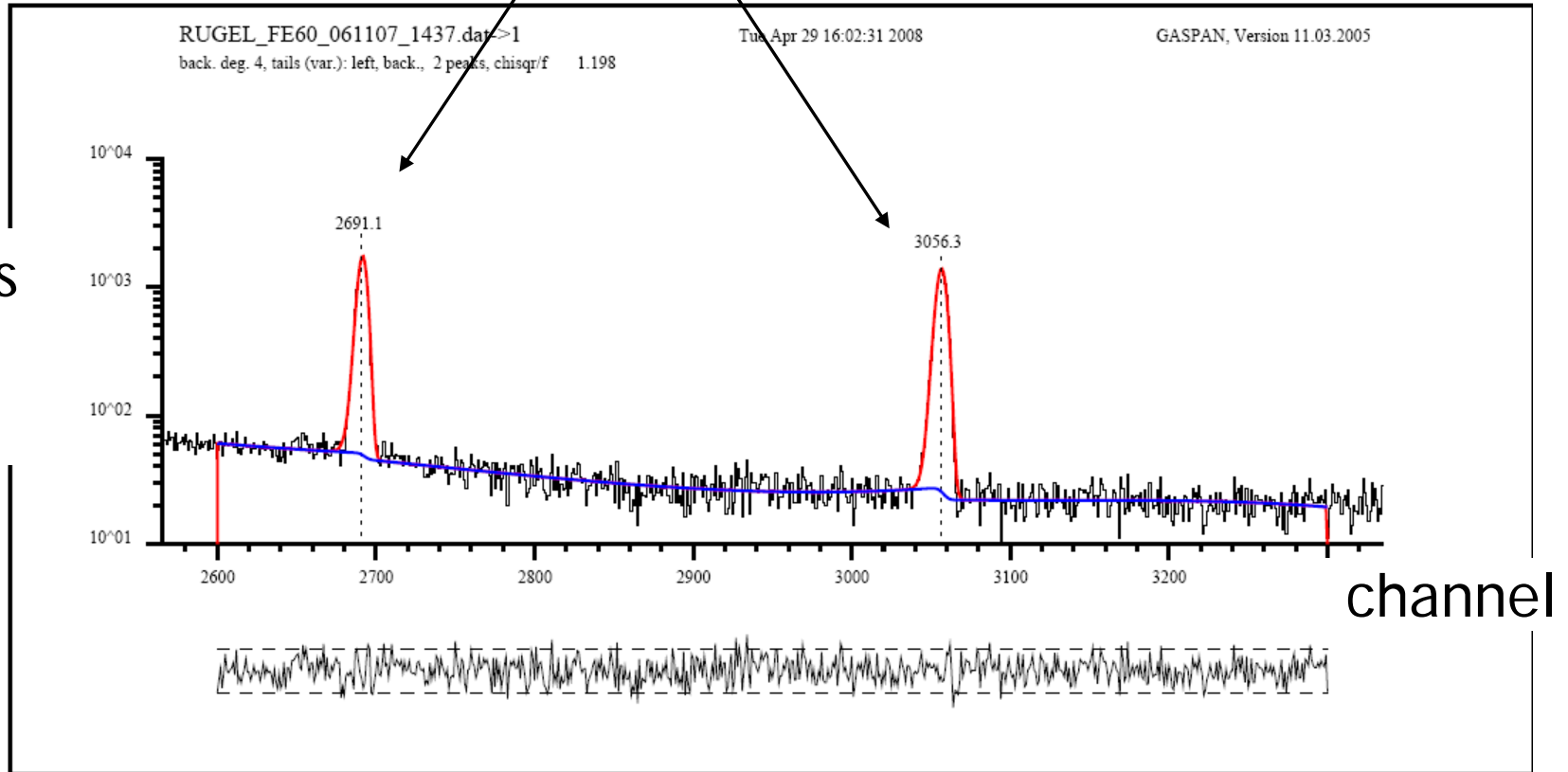
$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

**$^{60}\text{Co}$**

12710±130 cts

11450±120 cts

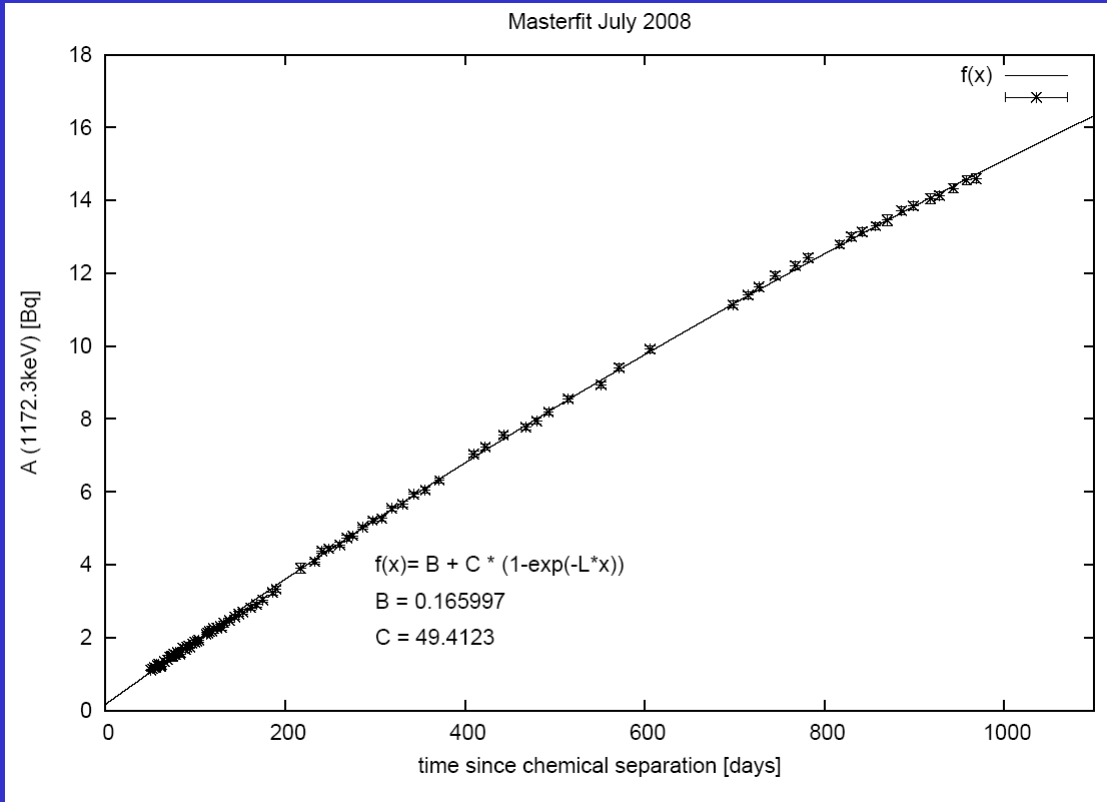
Counts  
log  
scale





# Build-up of the $^{60}\text{Co}$

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$



$T = 0$

$^{60}\text{Co} \sim 0.2 \text{ Bq}$

*Chemical  
reduction at  
least  $10^7$  !*

*Saturation  
activity*

*49 Bq*

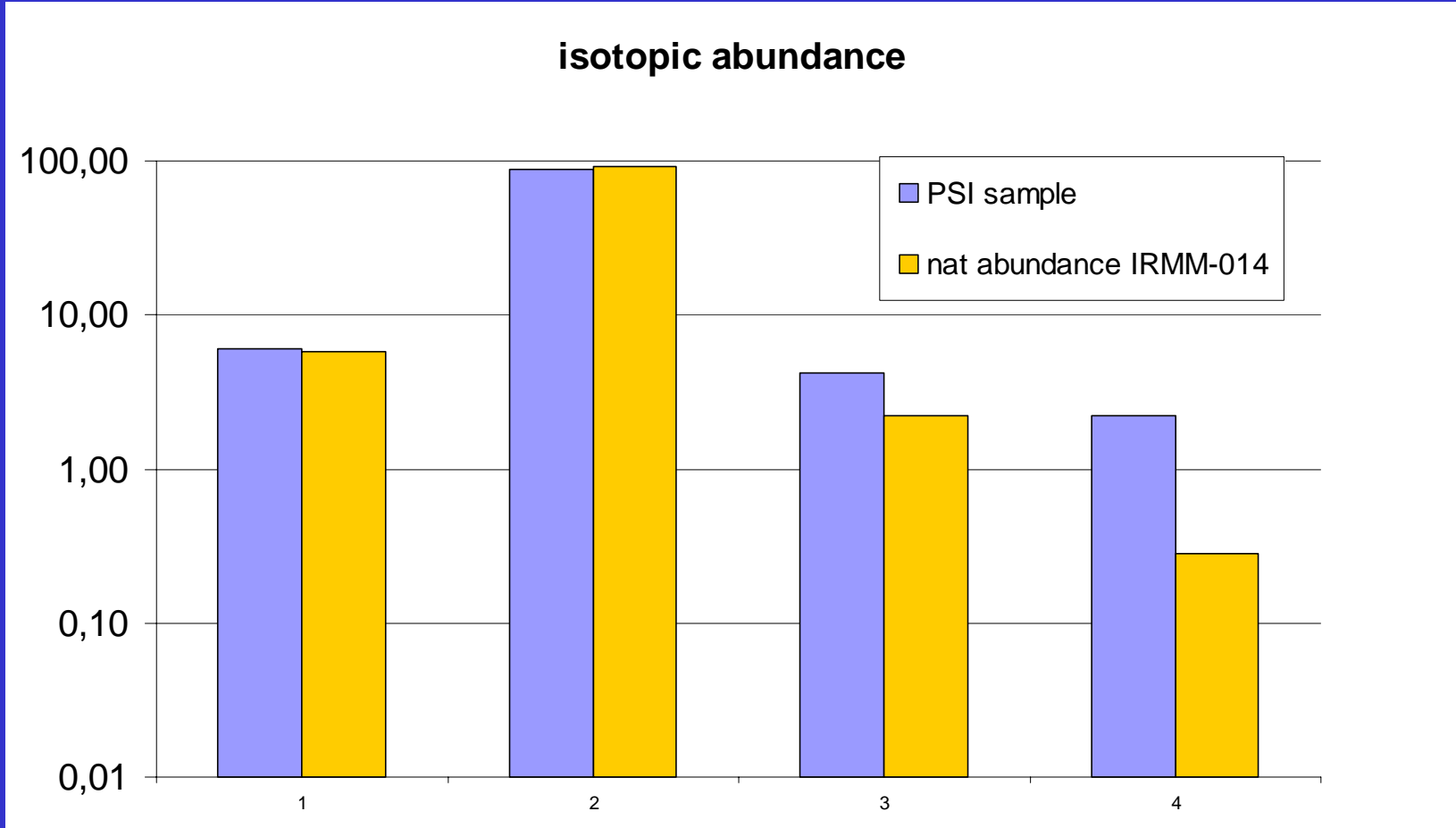
$$A_{60\text{Co}} = N_{60\text{Fe}} \lambda_{60\text{Fe}} \cdot (1 - e^{-\lambda_{60\text{Co}} \cdot t})$$

$$\approx N_{60\text{Fe}} \cdot \lambda_{60\text{Fe}} \cdot \lambda_{60\text{Co}} \cdot t$$

for  $t \ll T_{1/2, 60\text{Co}}$

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

# ICP-MS measurement



PSI sample ratios checked with model calculations

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

## MC-ICP-MS measurement

Isotopic dilution with a  $^{57}\text{Fe}$  spike:

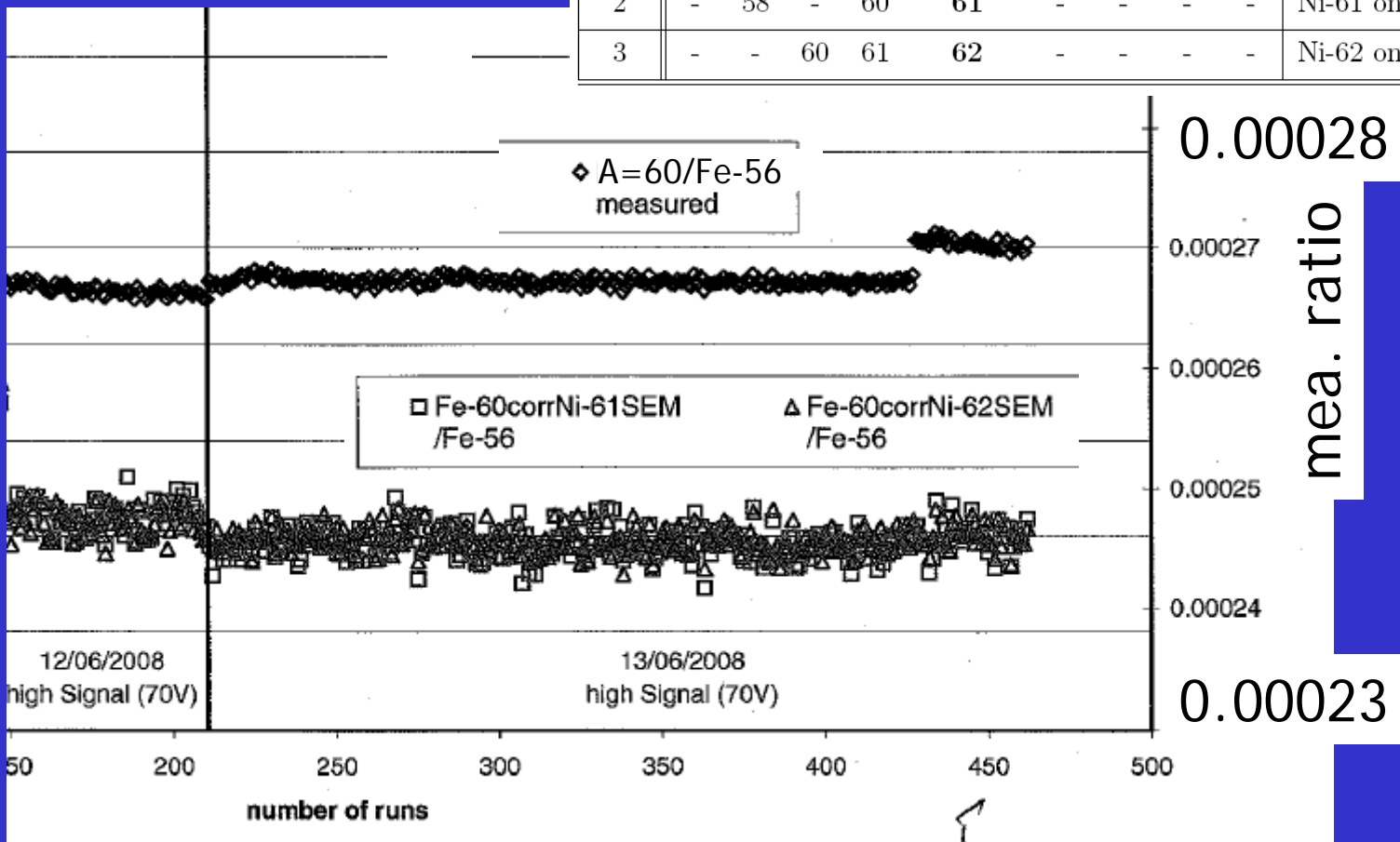
isotope	$^{54}\text{Fe}$	$^{56}\text{Fe}$	$^{57}\text{Fe}$	$^{58}\text{Fe}$
percentage [%]	-	3.11	95.10	1.79

Spiking $r = \frac{57}{56}$	$c$ [ $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	$\Delta c$ [ $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	$c_N$ [N $^{60}\text{Fe/g}$ ]
1.50	585.7	3.7	$1.2016 \cdot 10^{15}$
1.35	585.5	3.7	$1.2012 \cdot 10^{15}$
1.25	585.5	3.7	$1.2013 \cdot 10^{15}$
0.95	585.8	3.7	$1.2019 \cdot 10^{15}$
0.75	585.6	3.7	$1.2016 \cdot 10^{15}$

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

# ICP-MS measurement

Line	L4	L3	L2	L1	C/SEM	H1	H2	H3	H4	Comment
1	-	54	55	56	57	58	60	61	-	
2	-	58	-	60	61	-	-	-	-	Ni-61 on SEM
3	-	-	60	61	62	-	-	-	-	Ni-62 on SEM



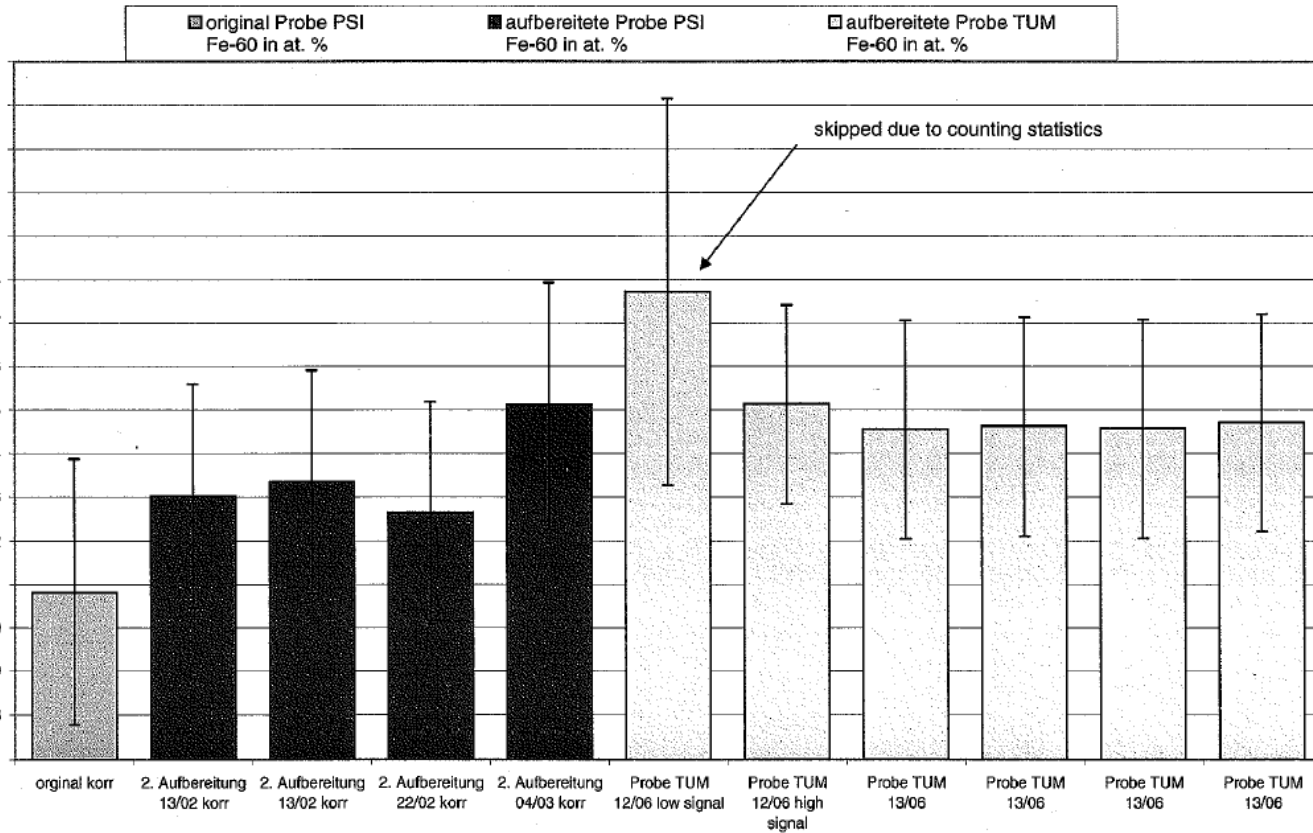
Corrections for: isobar <sup>60</sup>Ni, instrumental background;  
 measured in different samples, many runs  
 – consistent results!

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

# ICP-MS measurement

0.0213

ratio  $^{60}\text{Fe}/\text{Fe}$



0.0197

ratio  $^{60}\text{Fe}/\text{Fe}$ :  $2.042 \times 10^{-4}$

# Combination

$$A = \lambda \cdot N_{rad} = \frac{\ln(2)}{T_{1/2}} \cdot \frac{N_{rad}}{N_{stable}} \cdot N_{stable}$$

Preliminary result:

?.? x 10<sup>6</sup> yrs

TOI:  $T_{1/2}({}^{60}\text{Fe}): (1.49 \pm 0.27) \text{ Mys}$